## **SYLABUS PRZEDMIOTU / COURSE DESCRIPTION (SYLLABUS)**

- Nazwa przedmiotu / Course Management of social conflicts (Zarządzanie konfliktami społecznymi) 2. Dyscyplina / Discipline: Sociology Język wykładowy / language: English 3. Jednostka prowadząca przedmiot / Department or unit 4. Institute of Sociology, University of Wrocław 5. Kod przedmiotu / Course code: Rodzaj przedmiotu/modułu (obowiązkowy lub do wyboru) / Course/module type: core 6. (mandatory) or elective (optional): core 7. Kierunek studiów (specjalność) / University subject (pogramme) Master in Sociology, Speciality Intercultural Mediation 8. Poziom studiów / Program level: **Graduate (Master Programme)** 9. Rok studiów / Year: 2 10. Semestr (zimowy lub letni) / Semester (fall or spring): fall Forma zajęć i liczba godzin (w tym liczba godzin zajęć online\*) / Form of tuition and 11. number of hours: class instruction (ćwiczenia) 30 hours Wymagania wstępne w zakresie wiedzy, umiejętności i kompetencji społecznych dla przedmiotu/modułu / Prerequisites for taking the course: 13. Cele kształcenia dla przedmiotu / Objectives: The goal of this course is to get students acquainted with the advanced social sciences theories and social research analyzing, explaining and managing the social conflicts on various levels of social reality. The particular focus will be on social movements. Social conflicts - in accordance with conflict paradigm in social sciences - are considered as one of the crucial aspects of social order in the making. The course will help students to understand the variety of contemporary social conflicts, its stakeholders and possible managing strategies. The students are to become competent in theories of social conflicts and able to apply them in analysis of particular cases of social conflicts. 14. Treści programowe / Content: Introduction. Social conflict - what it is all about? 1. 2. Social conflict in sociology. Definitions, varieties and history. 3. 'All that is solid melts into air'. Class struggles in capitalist modernity. 4. Institutionalization of social conflict - trade unions in the past and today 5. Social movements as actors of conflicts. From the streets to TV. Social movements in practice. 6. 7. A rhizomatic revolution. Social conflicts without leaders and representation. The promise of democracy and social conflicts. Ancient and early modern 8. traditions. Body, Witch-hunt and the Commons: Social Movements and Political Crisis in 9. Medieval Europe 10. Everyday Forms of Resistance in Peasant Community. Performative theory of assemblies and occupations in contemporary world. 11.
  - 13. Managing social conflicts in squatting, migrant and refugees communities.

Managing legal conflicts beyond the state: the cases of Chiapas and Rojava.

14.& 15. Case studies – students' presentations

12.

15.	Zakładane efekty uczenia się / Learning outcomes	Symbole odpowiednich
		kierunkowych efektów uczenia
		się / Outcome symbols:
	A student shares extensive knowledge about the basic	K_W02
	theories of social conflicts and its evolution (from the	
	structural conflicts around labour to the cultural ones).	14, 1440
	A student has an in-depth knowledge about the basic	K_W03
	trends in theories of social conflict as well as the role	
	of the social conflicts in the structural transformations	
	of national societies and global society	16 140 4
	A student explains the relationships between an	K_W04
	individual and society (agency - structure) in the	
	process of emerging, maintaining and resolving social conflicts. A student learns about the ambivalent role of	
	institutions as an intermediary between micro and	
	macro level of social reality.	
	A student can observe, critically interpret and explain	K_U01
	social conflicts, taking into consideration the various	1
	dimensions of social life. A student can make use of	
	the empirical data to corroborate his/her	
	interpretations.	
	A student can formulate solutions to ethical and	K_U05
	methodological dilemmas in researching social	
	conflicts.	
	A student enhances his/her general cultural	K_U09
	competences and specialised professional knowledge	
	about social conflict management and resolutions,	
	what contributes to his/her lifelong learning.	
	By learning about the variety of social conflicts and its	K_K01
	solutions a student adapts to changing social	
	conditions and civilizational challenges.	

16. Literatura obowiązkowa i zalecana / Compulsory and recommended literature:

### Social conflict in sociology. Definitions, varieties and history.

Obligatory reading:

Wieviorka, M. (2013). Social conflict. *Current Sociology*, 61(5–6), pp. 696–713. Optional reading:

Dahrendorf, R. (1958). Toward a Theory of Social Conflict. *The Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 2(2), pp. 170-183.

### 'All that is solid melts into air'. Class struggles in capitalist modernity.

Obligatory reading:

Marx, K., Engels, F. (1998) [1848]. *Manifesto of the Communist party*. Optional reading:

Harvey, D. (2010) Chapter 11. The Secret of Primitive Accumulation, in: A companion to Marx's capital. London: Verso, pp. 289-314.

# **Institutionalization of social conflict - trade unions in the past and today** Obligatory readings:

Silver B. J. (2003). Forces of Labor: Workers' Movements and Globalization Since 1870. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp. 1-40.

Optional reading:

ETUI (2019). Can anybody hear us? An overview of the 2018 survey of EWC and SEWC representatives. Brussels.

#### Social movements as actors of conflicts.

Obligatory readings:

Della Porta, D., Diani, M. (2006) Social Movements. An Introduction. Chapter 2. Social

Changes and Social Movements. pp. 33-63.

#### Optional readings:

Wallerstein, I. (2001) The End of the World as We Know it: Social Science for the Twenty-First Century. University of Minnesota Press, pp. 87-117.

#### From the streets to TV. Social movements in practice.

#### Obligatory readings:

Della Porta, D., Diani, M. (2006) Social Movements. An Introduction. Chapter 7. Action Forms, Repertoires, and Cycles of Protest. pp. 163-192.

#### Optional reading:

Boltanski, L., Chiapello, E. (2005). The new spirit of capitalism. London: Verso. Pp. 167-216.

## A rhizomatic revolution. Social conflicts without leaders and representation.

#### Obligatory reading:

Castells, M. (2012) Networks of outrage and hope. Social movements in the internet age. Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 110-155

#### Optional readings:

Hardt, M., Negri, A. (2006). Multitude: War and democracy in the age of empire. Penguin. pp. 99-157

## The promise of democracy and social conflicts. Ancient and early modern traditions.

#### Obligatory readings:

Breaugh, M. (2017) The Plebeian Experience. A Discontinuous History of Political Freedom, New York, p. 3-43

# Body, Witch-hunt and the Commons: Social Movements and Political Crisis in Medieval Europe

#### Obligatory readings:

Federici, S. (2009) Caliban and the Witch. Women, the Body and Primitive Accumulation, Brooklyn, pp. 21-60.

#### **Everyday Forms of Resistance in Peasant Community.**

## Obligatory readings:

Scott, J.C. (1985) Weapons of the Weak. Everyday Forms of Peasant Resistance, New Haven and London, pp. 241-303.

# Performative theory of assemblies and occupations in contemporary world. Obligatory readings:

Butler, J. (2015) Notes Toward a Performative Theory of Assembly, Cambridge and London, pp. 154-192.

# Managing legal conflicts beyond the state: the cases of Chiapas and Rojava. Obligatory readings:

Knapp, M., A. Flach, E. Ayboga, (2016) Revolution in Rojava. Democratic Autonomy and Women's Liberation in Syrian Kurdistan, London, pp. 61-83, 164-174.

Mora, M. (2015) The Politics of Justice: Zapatista Autonomy at the Margins of the Neoliberal Mexican State, "Latin American and Caribbean Ethnic Studies", vol. 10, no. 1, pp. 87-106.

# Managing social conflicts in squatting, migrant and refugees communities. Obligatory readings:

Stavrides, S. (2016) Common Space. The City as Commons, London, pp. 66-94.

Rygiel, K. (2011) Bordering Solidarities: Migrant Activism and the Politics of Movements and Camps at Calais, "Citizenship Studies", vol. 15, no. 1, February 2011, pp. 1-19. H. van Houtum, K. Aparna, Undocumented Territories. Strategies of Spat

Metody weryfikacji zakładanych efektów uczenia się np. / Course assessment e.g.: - egzamin ustny lub pisemny (T) / oral or written exam (T) - końcowa praca kontrolna (T) / final essay - pisemna praca semestralna (indywidualna lub grupowa) / final essay (individually or in group) (T) - przygotowanie wystąpienia ustnego (indywidualnego lub grupowego) / oral presentation (individually or in group) (T) - przygotowanie i zrealizowanie projektu (indywidualnego lub grupowego) / (T) individual or group project (T) - przygotowanie i zrealizowanie projektu (indywidualnego lub grupowego) / (T) individual or group project (T) Assessment of individual student's preparation for the classes and K\_W02 participation in the **discussions** during the classes (knowledge based K\_W03 on critical reading, interpretation capabilities, competences for finding K W04 and using new concepts and data, capacities of critical assessment of K U01 other students' work ) K U05 Assessment of an **oral presentation** (30 minutes) on the subject K\_U05 related to the themes of the module based on individually selected K\_U09 data and additional readings; K\_K01 Assessment of written reflections (mini-essays) on the compulsory K U01 readings K\_U09 K\_K01 Warunki i forma zaliczenia poszczególnych komponentów przedmiotu/modułu: 18. / Conditions and form of obtaining a credit for particular course components: - monitoring of attendance and progress in class subject matter (T) - teachers assessment of individual student's preparation for the classes and participation in the discussions during the classes (knowledge based on critical reading, interpretation capabilities, competences for finding and using new concepts and data, capacities of critical assessment of other students' work ) - preparation of an oral presentation (30 minutes) on the subject related to the themes of the module based on individually selected data and additional readings; Nakład pracy studenta/doktoranta / Student's workload forma realizacji zajęć przez studenta liczba godzin przeznaczona na zrealizowanie danego rodzaju zajęć / Estimated workload in hours zajęcia (wg planu studiów) z prowadzącym / classroom instruction: - wvkład / lecture\*: - ćwiczenia / classes (discussions)\*: 30 h - inne / other: praca własna studenta/doktoranta (w tym udział w pracach grupowych) np. / Students' own work (including group work) e.g.: - pre-reading for classroom discussions 30 h - writing mini-essays summarising the reflections 20 h after the reading 10 h - preparation of individual oral presentation

90

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Łączna liczba godzin / Total number of hours:

Liczba punktów ECTS / Number of ECTS credits: